

Westminster Hall, London



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Reference data

- | | |
|---|---|
| ■ Building activity
Façade restoration , Façade restoration / natural stone | ■ Architect
Adam Watrobski |
| ■ Object type
Historically protected / historically valuable buildings , Churches / cloisters | ■ Contractor
DBR London Ltd |
| ■ Object address
, London | ■ Building owner
Parliamentary Estate Directorate |
| ■ Date / Completion
2016 | ■ Viewing possible?
No |

Description

Westminster Hall was constructed in 1099 for King William II and is one of the oldest parts of Westminster Palace, a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The Hall has a surface area of 1,547 m² and is one of the largest unsupported halls of its time.

Problem

Some 200 years' worth of dirt and soot had accumulated on the internal walls of Westminster Palace. The imposing natural stone walls needed to be cleaned without this causing any damage to the building. In order to ensure that all the scaffolding could be dismantled within six hours to allow important events to go ahead, the project had to be divided up into sections – but the divisions between sections needed to be completely invisible in the end result. In addition, artist Jorge Otero-Pailos planned to use a 50-metre length of the latex skin from the cleaning project in his exhibition "The Ethics of Dust". This project required close collaboration between the renovators and the artist.

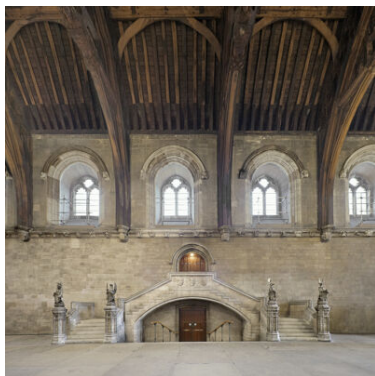
Product systems / sizes used

> Arte Mundit

Art. No. 222020



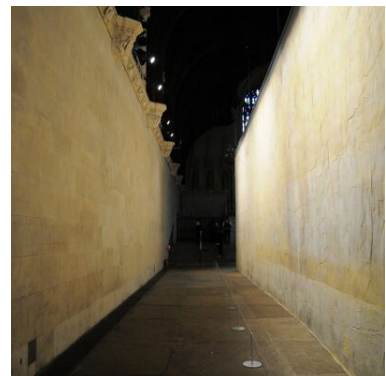
Impressions



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https://www.remmers.co.uk/en_GB/referenceDetail/9216